Socket preservation in the daily practice: A clinical case report

1. _______ influences implant placement and position.
   1. □ Alveolar buccal-lingual width
   2. □ Alveolar apical-coronal height
   3. □ Mesial-distal spacing
   4. □ All of the above

2. Hard and soft tissue contours of the ridge allow________ without having to rely on prosthetic compensations.
   1. □ Ideal implant placement
   2. □ Ideal stent placement
   3. □ Emergence of a restoration that conforms to adjacent dentition
   4. □ 1, 3

3. Xenograft bone grafts are_______
   1. □ Typically porcine derived
   2. □ Typically bovine derived
   3. □ Always osteoconductive
   4. □ All of the above

4. The most cost-effective and time-efficient bone augmentation procedure available is______
   1. □ Ridge augmentation
   2. □ An autologous bone graft
   3. □ Preservation of the alveolar dimensions at the time of extraction
   4. □ All of the above

5. The normal postextraction healing response of an alveolar socket is____________
mCME QUESTIONNAIRE

Name:………………………..……….……… Country: …………….…………… City: ……………….………P.O.Box: …………..……….
Email address …………………………………Tel…………………………. Mob……………… ……. Membership number………………..

Please send back to Fax: +971 4 368 6883 or Email info@cappmea.com at CAPP

Evaluation Form

This represented new knowledge: □ □ None □ □ Some □ □ Moderate □ □ All New
Did the article meet your learning objectives? □ □ Yes □ □ No
Was the article relevant to the topic? □ □ Yes □ □ No
Did the article meet your expectations? □ □ Yes □ □ No

In order to serve you better, we would like to know your preferred topics for the next issues:

1. □ Absorptive
2. □ Adsorptive
3. □ Resorptive
4. □ Productive

6. Selection of the type of regenerative material and/or membrane used during socket preservation depends largely upon__________.
   1. □ Personal preference
   2. □ Patient health
   3. □ Alveolar bone defect morphology
   4. □ All of the above

7. Preservation of the residual alveolar bone is critical to prevent__________.
   1. □ Soft tissue recession
   2. □ Bone remodeling
   3. □ Loss of normal papillary anatomy
   4. □ 1 and 3

8. Some studies have found that bone grafting following extraction__________.
   1. □ Did not promote extraction socket healing
   2. □ Resulted in no differences in ridge dimensions
   3. □ May be unnecessary
   4. □ All of the above

9. The pattern of bone loss results in a ridge that has moved in a______________.
   1. □ Buccal/labial
   2. □ Coronal
   3. □ Palatal/lingual
   4. □ Apical

10. Practitioners should be familiar with the vast array of techniques and materials available for socket preservation_______ for ideal implant placement.
Name: ........................................................ Country: ............................... City: ................................. P.O.Box: ................................
Email address: ........................................... Tel: .................................................. Mob: ................................. Membership number: ...............................

Please send back to Fax: +971 4 368 6883 or Email info@cappmea.com at CAPP

1. □ To optimize bone
2. □ To optimize soft tissue healing
3. □ To reduce osteoconductin
4. □ 1 and 2

Evaluation Form
This represented new knowledge: □ □ None □ □ Some □ □ Moderate □ □ All New
Did the article meet your learning objectives? □ □ Yes □ □ No
Was the article relevant to the topic? □ □ Yes □ □ No
Did the article meet your expectations? □ □ Yes □ □ No
In order to serve you better, we would like to know your preferred topics for the next issues:

---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------